UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2010 question paper for the guidance of teachers

0510 ENGLISH AS A SECOND LANGUAGE

0510/11 Paper 11 (Reading and Writing – Core), maximum raw mark 56

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2010 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.

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Exercise 1: The Variety of Singapore

- (a) (in) 1965
- (b) how people lived (in the past two centuries) AND models of street scenes

BOTH FOR ONE MARK

[1]

(c) antiques AND medicinal herbs

BOTH FOR ONE MARK

[1]

(d) <u>superb</u> view (across the harbour)

[1]

(e) light/cotton items AND comfortable shoes

BOTH FOR ONE MARK

[1]

[1]

(f) pay a fine/pay \$20 (on the spot)

[Total: 6]

Exercise 2: The Dabbawallahs of Mumbai, India

(a) <u>deliver</u> lunch boxes (or dabbas) to office workers (or workplaces)

[1]

(b) female occupants (or relatives) of homes

(c) trains AND bikes

BOTH FOR ONE MARK

[1]

[1]

(d) salary/health care/education for (their)children

TWO FROM THREE FOR ONE MARK [1]

(e) 1950 = 50% 2010 = 80%

BOTH FOR ONE MARK

[1]

[1]

(f) different religions have different diets

[1]

(g) (their) business is (so) efficient

(h) offers <u>traditional</u>, <u>home-made</u> food cheaper

ONE MARK FOR EACH ANSWER

[1]

[2]

(i) collect empty containers (or boxes or dabbas)

[Total: 10]

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Exercise 3: Con	nputer Features Magazine – Order Form	Calific
Note: correct spe	lling is essential for the form-filling exercise.	de
SECTION A: PE	RSONAL DETAILS	· com
Full name:	Musa Osman	[1]

Exercise 3: Computer Features Magazine – Order Form

SECTION A: PERSONAL DETAILS

Full name:	Musa Osman	[1]
Home address:	32C Jalan Pinang Kuala Lumpur	[1]
Home country:	Malaysia	[1]
Age group:	CIRCLE "under 20"	[1]
Preferred contact d	details: email: musos@klnet.my	[1]
	phone: 649042685	[1]

SECTION B: SUBSCRIPTION DETAILS

Reference number:	CF8VX	[1]
I wish to subscribe for:	TICK "6 months"	[1]
I prefer to pay:	TICK "in advance"	[1]
I wish to receive informati	on about other special offers: DELETE "no"	[1]
Please send me my free	copy of: TICK "An Advanced Guide to Websites"	[1]
Where did you see the ac	lvert for the special offer? local newspaper	[1]

[12 divided by 2 = 6]

SECTION C

Sentence 1 and 2 must be written in the first person.

Sentence 1: to score, the candidate should have written one sentence about being a member of the team producing the school website/using computers since his first year at school.

Sentence 2: to score, the candidate should have written one sentence about wanting to work for his uncle's company/working as a trainee computer technician.

For each sentence, award up to 2 marks as follows:

2 marks	proper sentence construction; correct spelling and punctuation; gives the information asked for
1 mark	proper sentence construction; 1–3 errors of punctuation and/or spelling (without obscuring meaning); gives the information asked for
0 marks	more than 3 errors of punctuation and/or spelling; and/or does not give the information asked for; and/or not a proper sentence; and/or meaning obscure

[Maximum 4 marks for the two sentences]

[Total: 10]

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Exercise 4: Space Cuisine

NB correct responses only apply if they are placed under the correct sub-heading (as detailed be. Add the correct answers to give a total out of 6.

Remember that this exercise is marked for content (reading), not language.

Special requirements for food in space

(max. 3 marks for this section)

- 1 <u>special</u> dough-based bread (or sandwich or food) which does not break (into small bits)/moist food that sticks together
- 2 salt and pepper in liquid form
- 3 pre-sliced tomatoes
- 4 sharp flavour

Challenges for the voyage to Mars

(max. 3 marks for this section)

- 5 food needs a <u>5 year</u> shelf-life/timeline is long/great distances
- 6 <u>unpredictable</u> weather
- 7 mechanical problems
- 8 new kinds of packaging
- 9 (prevention of) bacterial growth/(lessen) water activity

[Total: 6]

Exercise 5: Space Cuisine: Summary

This exercise is marked for language, not content, but if content is entirely irrelevant to the task, a mark of zero should be awarded.

Count words and indicate when the 70 word limit has been reached. Candidates will not be assessed on anything they have written after this limit, but will not be penalised *per* se for exceeding it.

Language (up to 4 marks)

0 marks	meaning obscure because of density of language errors and serious problems with expression/nothing of relevance
1 mark	expression weak/reliance on lifting from the passage
2 marks	expression limited/reliance on copying out the notes, but some sense of order
3 marks	expression good, with attempts to group and sequence ideas in own words
4 marks	expression very good: clear, orderly grouping and sequencing, largely own words

[Total: 4]

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Exercise 6: Interesting item discovery

Exercise 7: Fashionable clothes

The following general instructions, and table of marking criteria, apply to both exercises.

- Content covers relevance (i.e. whether the piece fulfils the task and the awareness of purpose/audience/register) and the development of ideas (i.e. the detail/explanation provided and how enjoyable it is to read).
- **Language** covers **style** (i.e. complexity of vocabulary and sentence structure) and **accuracy** (of grammar, spelling, punctuation and use of paragraphs).
- When deciding on a mark for content or language, first of all decide which mark band is most appropriate. There will not necessarily be an exact fit. Then decide between 2 marks within that mark band. Use the lower mark if it only just makes it into the band and the upper mark if it fulfils all the requirements of the band but doesn't quite make it into the band above.
- When deciding on a mark for content, look at both relevance and development of ideas.
 First ask yourself whether the writing fulfils the task, in terms of points to be covered and the length. If it does, it will be in the 4–5 mark band.
- When deciding on a mark for language, look at both the style and the accuracy of the language. A useful starting point would be first to determine whether errors intrude. If they do not, it will be in the 4–5 mark band.
- The use of paragraphs should not be the primary basis of deciding which mark band the
 work is in. Look first at the language used and once you have decided on the appropriate mark
 band, you can use the paragraphing as a factor in helping you to decide whether the work
 warrants the upper or lower mark in the mark band.
- If the essay is considerably shorter than the stated word length, it is unlikely to gain a high mark for content.
- If the essay is **totally irrelevant** and has nothing to do with the question asked, it should be given 0 marks for Content and Language, even if it is enjoyable to read and fluent.
- If the essay is **partly relevant** and therefore in mark band 2–3, the full range of marks for language is available.

[Total Exercise 6: 10] [Total Exercise 7: 10]

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GENERAL CRITERIA FOR MARKING EXERCISES 6 and 7 (CORE TIER)

Pa	age 6	Mark Scheme: Teache		on	Syllabus
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GENE	RAL CRIT	ERIA FOR MARKING EXERCIS	SES 6 an	d 7 (CORE	TIER)
Mark band		ONTENT: relevance and development of ideas (AO: W1, W2, W6)	Mark band		Syllabus 0510 E TIER) UAGE: style and accuracy AO: W1, W3, W4, W5)
4–5	Satisfac	tory:	4–5	Safe:	
	reaso regist purpo satisf to ad- be dig • Deve satisf	vance: Fulfils the task, with onable attempt at appropriate ter, and some sense of ose and audience. A factory attempt has been made dress the topic, but there may gressions. Alopment of ideas: Material is factorily developed at opriate length.		vocate more • Accu work Simple sound spellii interfe Gram more Parage	c Mainly simple structures and oulary, sometimes attempting sophisticated language. Fracy: Meaning is clear, and is of a safe, literate standard. It is structures are generally d, apart from infrequent and errors, which do not ere with communication. Immatical errors occur when sophistication is attempted. It is graphs are used but without rence or unity.
2–3	Partly relevant: 2–3 Errors intrude:		trude:		
	some Does althor qualit show purpo Deve	e engagement with the task. not quite fulfil the task, ugh there are some positive ties. Inappropriate register, ing insufficient awareness of ose and/or audience. Elopment of ideas: Supplies e detail and explanation, but ffect is incomplete. Some ition.		vocak • Accu doubt hamp readii seriot	c: Simple structures and coulary. racy: Meaning is sometimes in the Erequent, distracting errors over precision and slow downing. However, these do not custy impair communication. Graphs absent or inconsistent.
0–1	-1 Little relevance:		0–1	Hard to u	understand:
	this is error. No el any e comperror. comp	ed engagement with task, but a mostly hidden by density of Award 1 mark. Ingagement with the task, or engagement with task is oletely hidden by density of Award 0 marks. If essay is oletely irrelevant, no mark can ven for language.		grami usage which under can b abser mark. • Dens obscu impos Englis	ole types of error in mar/spelling/word e/punctuation throughout, a mostly make it difficult to retand. Occasionally, sense the deciphered. Paragraphs and or inconsistent. Award 1 dity of error completely tures meaning. Whole sections assible to recognise as pieces of the short word of marks.